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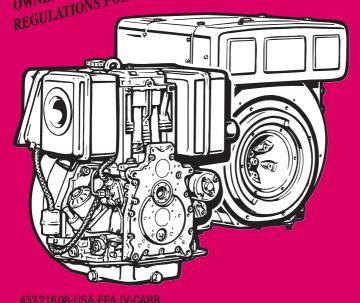


INSTRUCTION BOOK





INCLUDES SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO THE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR 2008 AND LATER CALIFORNIA OWNER'S MANUAL FOR HEAVY-DUTY OFF-ROAD ENGINES REGULATIONS FOR HEAVY-DUTY OFF-ROAD ENGINES



433 216 08-USA-EPA IV-CARB 10.07-0.1 Printed in Germany 1D41.

1D 50.

1D81.

1D90.

A new HATZ diesel engine is ready to work for you

This engine is intended only for the purpose determined and tested by the manufacturer of the equipment in which it is installed. Using it in any other manner contravenes the intended purpose. For danger and damage due to this, Motorenfabrik HATZ assumes no liability. The risk is with the user only. Use of this engine in the intended manner presupposes compliance with the maintenance and repair instructions laid down for it. Noncompliance leads to engine breakdown.

Please study this Instruction Book before you start the engine for the first time: it will help you to avoid accidents, to operate the engine correctly, to perform maintenance work and to keep the engine operating at full efficiency for a very long time.

Please follow all maintenance references carefully including the schedule for 2008 and later EPA certified nonroad compression-ignition engines and for 2008 and later CARB certified Heavy-Duty off-road engines to prevent our environment.

Please pass this Instruction Manual on to the next user or to the following engine owner.





Throughout the world, a network of HATZ service stations is at your disposal for advice, spare parts supply and maintenance or repair work.

Please refer to the enclosed list for the address of your nearest HATZ service point.



Original - Ersatzteile

Original-spare parts
Pièces de rechange d'origine
Repuestos originales

Please use only genuine HATZ spare parts. Only these parts guarantee a perfect dimensional stability and quality. Their order numbers are shown in the enclosed Parts List. Please note the complete spare part kits in Table M00 of the list.

In the interests of technical progress we reserve the right to introduce modifications.

MOTORENFABRIK HATZ GMBH & CO KG

Contents

		Page			Page
1.	Important notes on safe operation		5.3.	Maintenance every 250 hours	
	of the engine	3		of operation	23
2.	Description of the engine	5		Oilbath air cleaner maintenance Changing engine oil, renewing	23
3.	General information	7	5.5.2.	oil filter	24
3.1.	Technical data	7	5.3.3.	Checking and adjusting	
3.2.	Transport	8		valve clearances	25
3.3	Instructions for installation	8	5.3.4.	Clean the cooling air system	26
3.4.	Load on engine	8		Checking threaded connections	26
3.5.	EPA/CARB-type plates	8		Cleaning mesh insert in exhaust	
3.6.	Emission-related installation			silencer	26
	instructions	9			
4.	Operation	10	5.4.	Maintenance every 500 hours	
4. 1.	Before initial start-up	10		of operation	27
	Engine oil	10		Renewing fuel filter	27
	Oilbath air cleaner	10	5.4.2.	Dry-type air cleaner maintenance	28
4.1.3.		11	6.	Malfunctions – Causes – Remedies	30
4.1.4.	Mechanical oil pressure monitor	12	7.	Work on the electrical system	34
4.2.	Starting the engine	13	<u> </u>	work on the electrical system	34
	Preparations for starting	13	8.	Protective treatment	34
	Starting with the handle	14		SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO	
4.2.3.	Starting with the handle with			THE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR 2008	
	kick-back damping	15		AND LATER EPA CERTIFIED	
	Starting in cold weather	16		NONROAD COMPRESSION IGNITION	AI.
4.2.5.	Electric starter	16		ENGINES	3 5
4.3.	Stopping the engine	18			
5.	Maintenance	19		SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO	
5.1.	Maintenace summary	19		THE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR 2008	
0.1.	Wantonado danimar y	10		AND LATER CALIFORNIA	
5.2.	Maintenance every 8 – 15 hours			REGULATIONS FOR HEAVY-DUTY	
0.2.	of operation	21		OFF-ROAD ENGINES	51
5.2.1.	Check engine oil level	21			
	Check air intake point	21			
	Air cleaner blockage indicator	21			
	Checking cooling air zone	22			
	Checking the water trap	22			
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This symbol draws attention to important safety precautions.

Please comply with them most carefully in order to avoid any risk of injury to persons or damage to materials.

General legal requirements or safety regulations issued by the competent authorities or industrial accident insurers are also applicable.

1. Important notes on safe operation of the engine



HATZ diesel engines are economical, strongly built and long-lasting. They are therefore frequently chosen for commercially and industrially operated equipment and machinery.

Since the engine forms part of the finished equipment or machine, its manufacturer will take all the applicable safety regulations into account.

Nevertheless, we give below certain additional comments on operating safety, and would recommend you to note them carefully.

Depending on the manner in which the engine is installed and its intended application, the equipment manufacturer or operator may have to attach additional safety devices and prohibit potentially hazardous aspects of operation, for example:

- Parts of the exhaust system as well as the surface of the engine are of course hot during operation
 of the engine, but also when it is still cooling down after use, and must not be touched.
- Faulty wiring or incorrect operation of electrical equipment may lead to sparks forming, and must be avoided as a potential fire hazard.
- Rotating parts must be shielded against accidental contact when the engine is installed in other equipment or machinery.
 - Guards are available from HATZ to protect belt drives, cooling fans and generators.
- Before attempting to start the engine it is essential to have studied the starting information in the Instruction Book; this is particularly important on engines started with a starting handle.
- Mechanical starting devices must not be used by children or persons of insufficient physical strength.
- In order to benefit from the advantages of the starting handle with kick-back damping, it must be used precisely as recommended in this Instruction Book.
- Before starting the engine, ensure that all the specified protective guards are in place.
- The engine must only be operated, serviced or repaired by persons who have received the appropriate training.
- Keep the starting handle and the key out of reach of unauthorized persons.
- Never run the engine in closed or badly ventilated rooms.
 Do not breath in emissions danger of poisoning!
- Also fuel and lubricants could contain poisonous components. Please follow the instructions of the mineral oil producer.

Important notes on safe operation of the engine



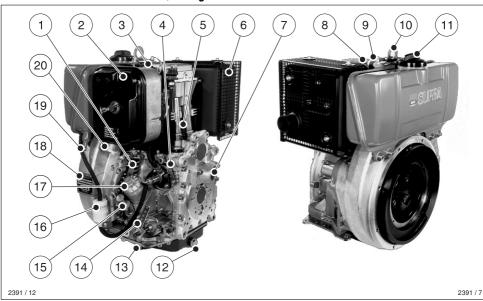
- Stop the engine before performing any maintenance, cleaning- and repair work.
- Stop the engine before refuelling.
 Never add fuel near a naked flame or a source of sparks.
 Don't smoke. Don't spill fuel.
- Keep explosive materials as well as flammable materials away from the engine because the exhaust gets very hot during operation.
- Wear close-fitting clothing when working on a running engine.
 Please don't wear necklaces, bracelets or any other things which you could get caught with.
- Please pay attention to all advice- and warning stickers placed on the engine and keep them in legible condition. Contact your next HATZ service station, if a sticker comes off or is illegible and ask for a new one.
- Note that any unauthorized modification to the engine absolves its manufacturer from liability for the consequences.

Regular servicing in accordance with the details provided in this Instruction Book is essential to keep the operating reliably and to ensure the exhaust quality of the engine.

In case of doubt, always consult your nearest HATZ service station before starting the engine.

2. Description of engine

1D41 • 1D50 • 1D81 • 1D90 S / Z engines

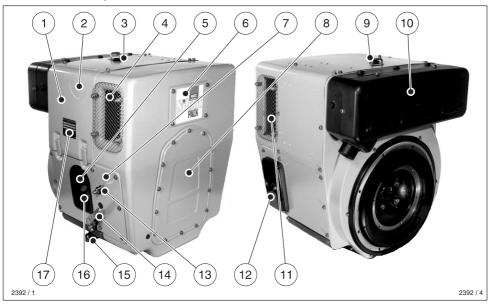


- 1
 - 1 Cooling air inlet
 - 2 Dry-type air cleaner
 - 3 Decompression lever
 - 4 Stop lever
 - 5 Cooling air outlet
 - 6 Silencer (muffler)
 - 7 Guide sleeve for starting handle
 - 8 Cylinder head cover
 - 9 Cold-start oil metering device
- 10 Suspension lug

- 11 Tank filler cap
- 12 Oil drain plug, governor housing
- 13 Oil drain plug, governor side
- 14 Speed control lever
- 15 Oil filler pipe and dipstick
- 16 Fuel filter
- 17 Oil filter
- 18 Type plate
- 19 Tank drain plug
- 20 Combustion air intake

Description of engine

Fully-encapsulated version 1D41C • 1D81C engines



- 2
- 1 Capsule
- 2 Decompression lever
- 3 Cold-start oil metering device
- 4 Combustion and cooling air intake
- 5 Oil filter
- 6 Cleaning hatch
- 7 Side panels
- 8 Hold for starting handle
- 9 Suspension lug

- 10 Silencer (muffler), encapsul.
- 11 Cooling air outlet
- 12 Battery connection and central plug for electrical system
- 13 Stop lever
- 14 Speed control lever
- 15 Oil drain plug
- 16 Oil filler and dipstick
- 17 Type plate

3. **General information**

3.1. Technical data

Туре		1D41.	1D50.	1D81.	1D90.
Engine models		S, Z, C	S, Z	S, Z, C	S, Z
Mode of operation		air-	-cooled four-	stroke diesel e	engine
Combustion method			Direct-f	uel injection	
Number of cylinders		1	1	1	1
Bore / stroke	mm	90/65	97/70	100/85	104/85
Displacement	cm³	413	517	667	722
Engine oil content without filter with filter	approx. L approx. L	1.1 ¹⁾ 1.2 ¹⁾	1.4 ¹⁾ 1.5 ¹⁾	1.8 ¹⁾ 1.9 ¹⁾	1.8 ¹⁾ 1.9 ¹⁾
Volume of oil between "max" and "min" marks	approx. L	0.4 1)	0.5 1)	0.9 1)	0.9 1)
Consumption of lubrication oil after running-in period		approx. 1 % of fuel consumption at full load			
Engine oil pressure Oil termperature 100 ± 20 °C		min. 0.6 bar at 850 r.p.m.			
Direction of rotation looking at the flywheel		counterclockwise			
Valve clearance at 10 - 30 °C Inlet Exhaust	mm mm	0.20 0.20	0.10 0.20	0.10 0.20	0.30 0.30
Max. angle from vertical in any direction (continuous operation)	max.	30° ²⁾	30° ²⁾	30° ²⁾	30° ²⁾
Weight (incl. fuel tank, air-cleaner, exhaust silencer and electric starter) Engine model S Engine model Z Engine model C	approx. kg approx. kg approx. kg	75 77 96.5	76 78 –	89 91 121	90 92

Model S: non-encapsulated, normal system of balancing

Z: non-encapsulated, add. system of balancing
C: SILENT PACK, add. system of balancing

¹⁾ These data are approx.-values. The **max.** mark on oil dipstick counts.

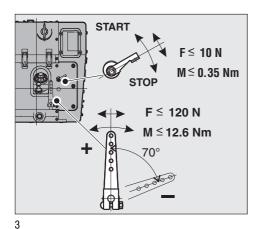
²⁾ Exceeding these limits causes engine breakdown.

3.2. Transport

A lug is provided on top of the engine as standard equipment, so that the engine and its auxiliaries can be lifted safely. It is not suitable for lifting complete machines or similar with the engine attached, and this is strictly prohibited. (See Chapter 2.)

3.3. Instructions for installation

The "Manual for Selection and Installation of Engines" contains all the information you need if your engine has not yet been installed on or in the equipment it is intended to drive, or set up in its correct operating position. You can obtain a copy of this manual from your nearest HATZ service station.



The permitted loads and elements on the speed adjusting lever and the stop lever should be observed as an exess can lead to damage to the contacts and inner governor parts.

3.4. Load on engine

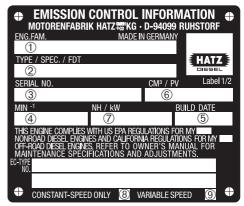
See supplemental information for EPA certified engines, Page 35; resp. supplemental information for California regulations for off road engines, Page 51.

3.5. EPA/CARB-type plates and fuel label

There are two EPA/CARB- type plates applied for the identification of the engine. The type plates are placed on the crankcase resp. on the capsule (chapt. 2).

They include the following emission control information (Figure 4a):

Label 1/2



4a

- ① EPA/CARB-Engine Family Number
- ② engine type/spec. (only for special equipment) /Fuel Delivery Timing
- 3 engine number
- max. engine rated speed
- ⑤ build date
- 6 displacement
- 7 rated power
- ® "constant speed only" (if requested)
- "variable speed" (if requested)

Every engine is equipped with an additional loose engine type plate. If the original type plate on the engine is not readily visible after the engine is installed in the equipment then the second loose type plate must be attached on the equipment in such a manner that it is readily visible to an average person.

The layout is identical for constant-speed and variable speed application.

For any offer as well as spare parts orders it is necessary to mention the following data (also see spare parts list, page 1):

- engine type/spec.(only for special equipment)
- 3 engine number
- max. engine rated speed

Attention:

If the engine was certified for constant-speed application and shall be used so, the field "constant-speed only" is marked with "X".

If the engine was certified for variable speed application and shall be used so, the field "variable speed" is marked with "X".

Always install the engine for its intended application in order to comply with EPA and CARB emission regulation requirements.

Label 2/2

EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION

LOW SULFUR FUEL OR ULTRA LOW SULFUR FUEL ONLY

Power category: \square < 8 kW / \square 8-19kW / \square 19-37kW /

□ 37-56 kW PM Standard: 0.3 g/kWh

Label 2/2

4b

The engine must be operated with "LOW SUL-FUR FUEL OR ULTRA LOW SULFUR FUEL ONLY".

The label also states the applicable emission-related power category of the engine.

Fuel label

LOW SULFUR FUEL OR ULTRA LOW SULFUR FUEL ONLY

4c

The fuel label is placed nearby the fuel inlet. If there was no fuel tank mounted to the engine, the label has to be permanently attached to the equipment near the fuel inlet.

3.6. EMISSION-RELATED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

See supplemental information for EPA certified engines, Page 35; resp. supplemental information for California regulations for off road engines. Page 51.

4. Operation

4.1. Before initial start-up

Engines are normally delivered without fuel and oil.

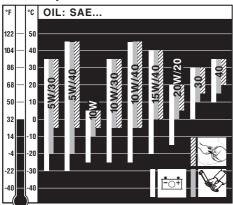
4.1.1. Engine oil

Qualified are all trademark oils which fulfil at least one of the following specifications:

ACEA – B2 / E2 or more significant API – CD / CE / CF / CF-4 / CG-4 or more significant.

If engine oil of a poorer quality is used, reduce oil change intervals to 150 hours of operation.

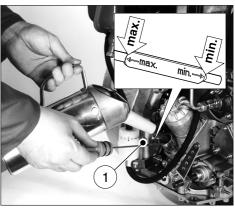
Oil viscosity



5

Choose a viscosity according to the ambient temperatures where the engine is to be started from cold.

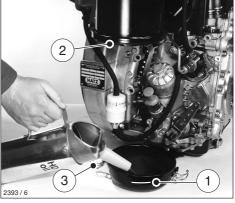
The engine must be in a horizontal position before adding oil or checking the oil level.



3

- Pull out dipstick "1" and add engine oil of the correct specification and viscosity up to the "max" mark on the dipstick; (Chapter 3.1.).

4.1.2. Oilbath air cleaner



- Take off the oil reservoir and fill it up to the mark "1" using engine oil.
- Attach the oil reservoir, making sure that sealing ring "2" is correctly seated and catches "3" are tight.

4.1.3. Fuel

Only refuel when engine is stopped.

Never refuel close to open flames or flammable sparks, don't smoke. Use only pure fuel and clean replenishing cups. Don't spill the fuel.

All diesel fuels sold as fuel and complying with the following minimum specification can be used:

EN 590 or BS 2869 A1 / A2 or ASTM D 975 - 1D / 2D



0

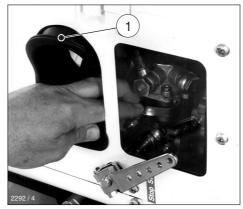
 Before the first start or if the fuel tank has been run dry, completely fill the fuel tank with diesel.

The fuel system is bled automatically if the fuel tank is attached to the engine or located higher than the injection pump.



)

 If the fuel tank is not mounted on top of the engine, or is at a lower level, operate the lever on the fuel feed pump until fuel is heard to flow back to the tank through the return line.



10

 On fully encapsulated engines, move sleeve "1" to one side to gain access to the feed pump.

After operating the feed pump, make sure that the sleeve is replaced correctly and makes a good seal.

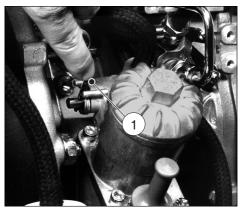
At temperatures below 0 °C, winter-grade fuel should be used or parafin added to the fuel well in advance.

Lowest ambient	Paraffin content for:		
temperature when starting, in °C	Summer fuel	Winter fuel	
0 up to -10	20 %	_	
−10 up to −15	30 %	_	
−15 up to −20	50 %	20 %	
−20 up to −30	-	50 %	

4.1.4. Mechanical oil pressure monitor (optional extra)

The mechanical oil pressure monitor should be activated:

- when first filling, or after running the fuel tank dry.
- if engine shut down automatically because lubricating oil supply was inadequate.
- after freeing it by turning at low temperatures (Chapter 4.2.4.)
- after replacing the fuel filter, Chapter 5.4.1.
- Add fuel, chap. 4.1.3.
- Check engine oil level, chap. 5.2.1.

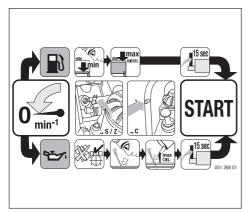


11

 To activate the monitor, press lever "1" for approx. 15 seconds.



- If the engine has a full capsule, press pin "1" for app. 15 seconds.
- If the engine has a fuel feed pump, operate its lever for several strokes at the same time (Figs. 9 and 10).
- Re-assemble all parts repositioned or removed. Check that capsule elements make a good seal.



13

Instructions to activate the mechanical oil pressure control are mentioned on the sticker placed on the engine.

IMPORTANT!

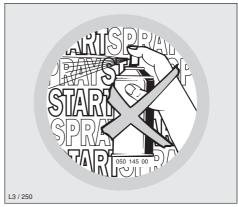
Even with mechanical oil pressure monitoring the oil level must be checked every 8 – 15 operating hours (Chapter 5.2.1.).

4.2. Starting the engine

Do not run the engine in closed or badly ventilated rooms – danger of poisoning! Before the engine is started, always make sure that nobody is in the danger area (moving parts on engine or machinery) and that all safety guards are in place.

Check that the starting handle is in good condition: renew tubular grip if broken, worn drive pin etc.

Lightly grease the sliding-contact area between the starting handle and the guide sleeve.



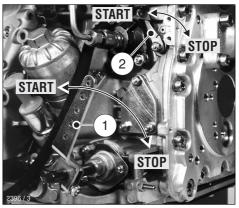
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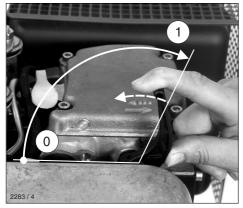
Never use any spray starting aids.

4.2.1. Preparations for starting

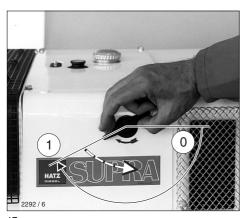
 If possible, disengage the engine from any driven equipment. The auxiliary equipment should always be placed in neutral.



- Set speed control lever "1" to a position between 1/2 START and max. START, according to requirements. Selecting a lower engine speed will reduce smoke when starting.
- Make sure that stop lever "2" if fitted is in the operating "START" position.

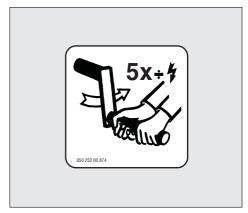


16



17

 Turn the decompression lever until stop "1" is reached. In this position the automatic decompression system is heard to engage and the engine can then be started; Figs. 16 and 17.

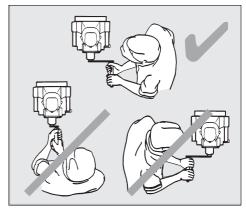


18

After the automatic decompression device has engaged at its limit stop, five turns of the crank handle are needed for the engine to build up compression and fire again.

4.2.2. Starting with the handle

For preparations to start the engine, see Chapter 4.2.1.



19

For correct position to adopt when starting the engine, see Fig. 19.

- Take hold of the starting handle with both hands and turn it at increasing speed. The maximum speed of rotation must have been reached by the time the decompression lever has returned to the "O" position (compression). As soon as the engine has started, pull the starting handle out of the guide sleeve.
- If the engine backfires because the crank handle was not turned firmly enough (the engine may even start to run backwards), release the crank handle immediately and stop the engine (Chapter 4.3.).



There is a risk of injury from the rotating crank handle.

 To restart the engine, wait until it has come to a standstill, then repeat the starting preparations.

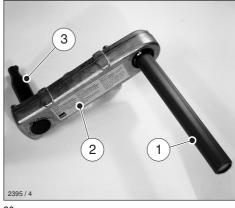
Safety precaution

For greater protection against accidental injury when starting with the handle, a handle with kick-back damping can be used.

4.2.3. Starting with the handle with kick-back damping (retrofit)

For preparations to start the engine, see Chapter 4.2.1.

- For correct position to adopt when starting the engine, see Fig. 19.



20

- Always hold tubular grip "1" with both hands.
- Turn the handle slowly until the pawl engages in the ratchet, then increase turning force to build up speed. The highest speed must have been reached when the decompression lever returns to the "0" position (compression). As soon as the engine has started, pull the starting handle out of the guide sleeve.

You must hold the tubular grip firmly to maintain contact all the time between the starting handle and the engine. Maintain turning force during the entire hand starting operation.

If backfiring occurs when starting the engine because the crank handle was not turned firmly enough, the brief reverse rotation at the handle tube separates the link between crank lug "2" and driving dog "3" (Fig. 20).

- If the engine begins to run backwards after backfiring (smoke emerges from air cleaner), release the crank handle immediately and stop the engine (Chapter 4.3.).
- To restart the engine, wait until it has come to a standstill, then repeat the starting preparations.

4.2.4. Starting in cold weather

At temperatures below app. -5 °C, always turn the engine over to ensure that it rotates freely.

- Move the speed control lever to the START position; Fig. 15.
- Move the decompression lever to a position not as far round as starting position "1" (Figures 16 and 17).
- Turn the engine over with the starting handle until it is felt to rotate more freely (10 – 20 turns of the starting handle).
- If mechanical oil pressure monitoring is fitted, press lever "1" or pin "1" in for about 15 seconds (Figs. 11 and 12).



21



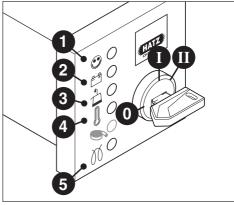
- Remove dirt from the cover of the metering device and the surrounding area. Pull off the cover; Figs. 21 and 22.
- Add a free-flowing lubricating oil to the housing until the level reaches the upper rim.
 Replace the cover and press it in firmly. Two filling operations in succession are needed.
- Turn the decompression lever until limit stop "1" (fig. 16 and 17).
- After this, start the engine immediately. Chap. 4.2.1. / 4.2.2. / 4.2.3.

4.2.5. Electric starter

For preparations to start, see Chapter 4.2.1.

- The decompression lever remains in pos. "0".

Starting procedure



23

- Insert the key to its stop and turn it to position I.
- Battery charge telltale "2" and oil pressure warning "3" must light up.

- Turn start key to **position II** (fig. 23).
- As soon as the engine runs, release the start key. It must return to position I by itself and remain in this position during operation.
 The battery charge telltale and oil pressure warning must go out immediately after starting. Indicator light "1" is on when the engine is in operation.
- If anything seems to be incorrect, stop the engine immediately and trace and rectify the fault (chapt. 6).
- The engine temperature display "4" (additional equipment) lights up if the temperature at the cylinder head becomes too high.
 Switch off the engine and trace and elimi
 - nate the cause of the problem, chap. 6.
- Always turn the start key back to position 0 before re-starting the engine. The repeat lock in the ignition lock prevents the starter motor from engaging and possibly being damaged while the engine is still running.

Never operate the electric starter when the engine is running or coasting to a standstill. There is a risk of broken starter pinion or ring gear teeth.

Important:

If a start protection module is installed, the start key has to be returned to **position 0** for at least 8 seconds if the engine has failed to start before a further attempt to start the engine can be made.

Preheating device with automatic heating timer (additional equipment)

The preheating light "5" lights up additionally at temperatures below 0° Celsius (Fig. 23).

 After the light has gone out, start the engine without delay.

Automatic electrical shutdown system

(additional equipment)

This is characterized by a brief flashing of all pilot lamps once the starter key has been turned to **position I** (Fig. 23).

Important!

If the engine cuts out immediately after starting or switches off by itself during operation, a monitoring element in the automatic shutdown system has tripped. The corresponding indicator light (Fig. 23, positions 2 - 4) will come on. After the engine has stopped, the display continues to glow for about 12 seconds. The electrical device then switches itself off automatically.

The display lights up again after the start key has been turned back to **position 0** and then to **position 1** again.

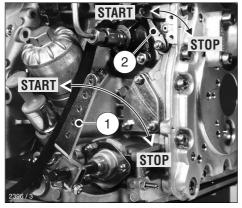
Trace and eliminate the cause of the operating fault before trying to restart the engine (see chapter 6).

The display light goes out when the engine is next started.

Even with automatic shutdown monitoring the oil level must be checked every 8-15 operating hours (Chapter 5.2.1.).

4.3. Stopping the engine

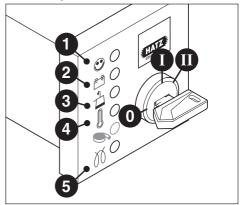
Never stop the engine by moving the decompression lever. During breaks in work or at the conclusion of the working period, keep the starting handle and starting key in a safe place, out of reach of unauthorized persons.



24

- Move speed control lever "1" back to the STOP position.
- On engines with the lower engine speeds not accessible, move speed control lever "1" back, then move stop lever "2" in the STOP direction. Hold it there until the engine has stopped.
- Release the stop lever "2" when the engine has stopped, making sure that the lever returns to its normal operating position.

Electrical system



25

The charge "2" and oil pressure telltales "3" come on.

Turn the key to the **0 position** and pull it out.
 The telltale lights must then go out.

Note:

Engines with an automatic electrical shutdown system (Chapter. 4.2.5.) can also be switched off by turning the start key back to **position 0**.

5. Maintenance

The engine must be stopped before any maintenance work is attempted.

Comply with legal requirements when handling and disposing of old oil, filters and cleaning materials.

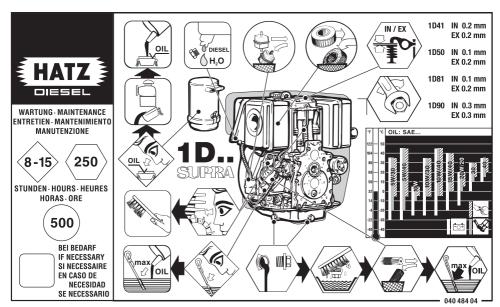
Keep the engine's starting key and starting handle out of reach of unauthorized persons. To immobilize engines with an electric starter, disconnect the negative battery terminal.

At the end of the maintenance work, check that all tools have been removed from the engine and all safety quards, covers etc. replaced in their correct positions.

Before starting the engine, make sure that nobody is in the danger area (engine or driven machinery).

5.1. Maintenance summary

	Maintenace intervals	Maintenance work required	Chap.
		Check oil level.	5.2.1.
		Check area round combustion air input.	5.2.2.
		Check the air cleaner maintenance indicator.	5.2.3.
	Every 8 – 15 operating	Check the cooling air zone.	5.2.4.
<8-15 >	hours or before daily	Check the water trap.	5.2.5.
	starting.	Check the lower part of the oilbath air cleaner for	
		correct oil level and freedom from dirt; renew oil if	4.1.2.
		sludge has formed.	5.3.1.
		Material and all holds are filled	
		Maintenance of oil bath air filter.	5.3.1.
	From OFO an austina	Replace engine oil and oil filter.	5.3.2.
(250)	Every 250 operating	Check and adjust tappet clearance.	5.3.3.
/	hours	Clean cooling air system.	5.3.4. 5.3.5.
		Examine screw connections.	
		Cleaning mesh insert in exhaust silencer	5.3.6.
	Every 500 operating-	Replace fuel filter.	5.4.1.
(500)	hours	Maintenance of dry-air filter.	5.4.2
		maniconarios or ary an intol.	0L



26

The above maintenance chart is supplied with every engine. This label should be affixed to the engine or equipment in an easily visible position. The maintenance chart governs the maintenance intervals.

For **new** or **reconditioned** engines, the following must always be carried out after **first 25 operating hours:**

- Replace engine oil and oil filter, chap. 5.3.2.
- Check tappet clearance, and adjust if necessary, chap. 5.3.3.
- Examine screw connections, chap. 5.3.5.
 Do not tighten the cylinder head fastening.

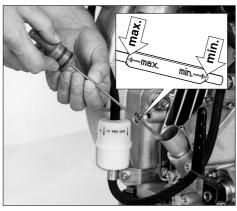
For short operating periods: replace engine oil and oil filter after 12 months at the latest, regardless of the number of operating hours.

5.2. Maintenance every 8 – 15 hours of operation

5.2.1. Check engine oil level

When checking the oil level, the engine should be standing level, and must not be running.

- Remove any dirt in the dipstick area.



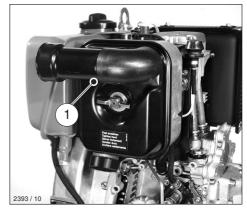
27

 Check oil level at the dipstick; top up if necessary as far as the "max" mark (see Chapter 4.1.1.).

5.2.2. Check air intake point

Severe contamination is a sign that there are large amounts of dust in the atmosphere and the air cleaner maintenance intervals should be reduced.

 Depending on the air intake pattern, check for severe blockage; clean if necessary (see Chapter 2).



28

 Check that dust outlet "1" on the centrifugal dust trap (depending on version) is not blocked, and clean if necessary.

5.2.3. Air cleaner blockage indicator (optional extra)

- Run the engine at full speed shortly.



29

If the rubber bellows is pulled in and obscures the green zone "1", maintenance work is due on the air cleaner; Chapt. 5.4.2. In dusty operating conditions, check the rubber bellows several times a day.

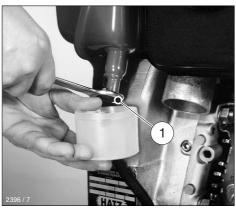
5.2.4. Checking cooling air zone

Severe contamination is a sign that there are large amounts of dust in the atmosphere and that maintenance intervals should be reduced.

- Check the air inlet and outlet zones for blockage by coarse material such as leaves, large amounts of dust etc., and clean if necessary (see chapters 2 and 5.3.4.).
- If a temperature warning light "4" is provided, it will come on if the engine overheats, fig. 25.
 In this case, stop the engine immediately (Chapter 4.3. and 5.3.4.).

5.2.5. Checking the water trap

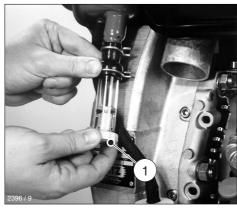
The intervals at which you should check the water trap depend entirely on the amount of water in the fuel and the care taken when refuelling. The normal interval is once a week.



- 30
- Loosen hexagon screw "1" with approx. 2-3 rotations.

- Trap the drops which emerge in a transparent vessel. Since water has a greater specific gravity than diesel fuel, the water emerges before the diesel fuel. The two substances separate at a clearly visible line.
- As soon as diesel only emerges at screw "1", this can be tightened again.

If an external water trap is attached, check its water content every day, when the engine oil level is checked. The water which has collected is separated at a clearly visible line from the diesel fuel above it.



- Open drain plug "1" and drain the water out into a suitable vessel.
- If the drain plug is difficult to reach, an extension hose can be attached to it.

5.3. Maintenance every **250** hours of operation

5.3.1. Oilbath air cleaner maintenance

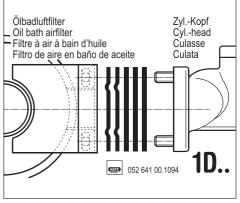


 \bigwedge

Catch waste oil and dispase acc. to environmental regulations.

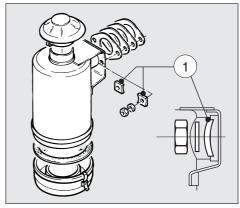
- Take off the oil reservoir "1" and clean it.
- Remove contaminated oil and sludge from the oil tank, and clean it out.
- Take off rain cap "2" and clean it.
- Clean the entire length of intake pipe "3".
- Check the inserted seal and renew if in poor condition
- Fill the oil reservoir up to the mark with engine oil and re-assemble the oilbath air cleaner, Chap. 4.1.2.
- If the filter pack is very dirty, also clean the upper part of the air cleaner as follows:
 Remove the upper part of the air cleaner from the engine and rinse it in diesel oil.
- Before re-assembling the air cleaner, allow the diesel fuel to drip off thoroughly, or wipe it off.
- Never attempt any repairs (welding, brazing etc.) to the oilbath air cleaner, or it may be rendered useless and the engine may also be damaged.

- If the sealing face is uneven, the air cleaner body cracked and/or the filter wool content is incomplete, install a new air cleaner.
- Attach the upper part of the air cleaner with a new flange gasket.



33

 Sealing package acc. picture 33 is mounted at engines 1D41 and 1D50.



- Shim washers "1" should be installed with the convex side (outward curve) towards the nut.
- Re-assemble the complete air cleaner and fill it with oil to make it ready for further operation.

5.3.2. Changing engine oil, renewing oil filter

The engine must be stopped, and should stand on a flat, level surface.

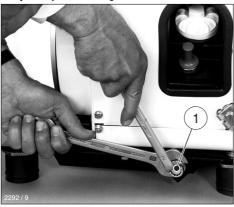
Drain the engine oil only when it is warm. For oil drain plug, see Chapter 2.



Risk of scalding from hot oil. Catch waste oil and dispase acc. to environmental regulations.

 Unscrew the oil drain plug and allow all the oil to drain out.

Fully encapsulated engines:



35

When unscrewing oil drain plug "1", make sure that the drain tube is not loosened. Prevent it from turning if necessary with an open-ended wrench of the correct size.

Clean the oil drain plug and attach a new seal.
 Insert and tighten the plug.



36

Renew the replaceable lubricating oil filter element.



37

 Clean sieve bottom carefully in order not to bend the netting.

Wipe out cap screw or blow it out with compressed air.



Persons handling compressed air must wear protective goggles.

Important!
Note the "TOP" mark on the oil filter. Fig. 36

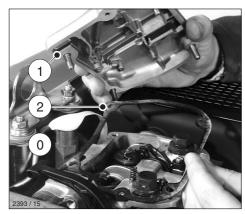
- Check condition of O-ring "1" and renew it if necessary (Fig. 36).
- Wet the thread and the O-ring of the screw plug with lubricant "K" (see spare parts list).
- Add engine oil up to the "MAX" mark on the dipstick (see Chapter 4.1.1.)
- Run the engine for a short period, then check the oil level again and top up if necessary.
- Check that there is no leakage past screw plug on the oil filter housing.

5.3.3. Checking and adjusting valve clearances

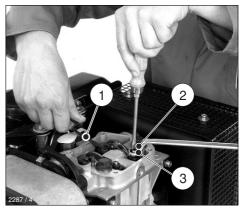
 Move the decompression lever to position "0"; Fig. 16 and 17.

1D41 C, 1D81 C and 1D90 C engines

Take off the enclosure cover (see Chap. 2). On engines with manual starting only, the decompression lever is also taken off when the cover is removed.



- 38
- Unscrew cover "1" and take off together with gasket "2". Never re-use this gasket.
- Turn the engine over in the normal direction of rotation until compression is felt.



- Check valve clearances between rocker and valve stem, using feeler gauge "1"; Fig. 39 (see Chapter 3.1.).
- If valve clearance is incorrect, slacken off hex. nut "2".
- Turn adjusting screw "3" with a screwdriver until feeler gauge "1" can just be pulled through between the rocker and the valve stem with slight resistance to its movement after nut "2" has been retightened.
- Attach the cover at the cylinder head again and tighten down uniformly.
- Depending on version mount parts of air duct.
- Run the engine briefly and check that the cover is not leaking.

5.3.4. Clean the cooling air system



Before cleaning, the engine must be stopped and allowed to cool down.

Remove parts of air duct.

Dry contamination

 Clean all air guide elements and the complete cooling air zones on the cylinder head, cylinder and flywheel blades without making them wet. Blow them dry with compressed air.



Persons handling compressed air must wear protective goggles.

Moist or oily contamination

- Disconnect the battery. Clean the complete area with a solvent, cold cleaner etc. according to its manufacturer's instructions, then spray down with a powerful water jet.
 Do not splash electrical device with water jet or pressure jet during engine cleaning.
- Trace the cause of any contamination with oil and have the leak eliminated by a HATZ service station.
- Install the air guide elements previously removed.



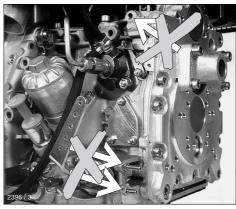
The engine must never be run without the air guide elements in position.

 Immediately after re-assembly, run the engine until warm to prevent residual moisture from causing rust.

5.3.5. Checking threaded connections

Check the condition and tightness of all threaded connections, wiring, hose clips and other components attached to the engine and its mountings, provided that these can be reached during maintenance work.

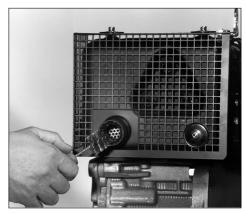
Do not tighten the cylinder head bolts.



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Adjustment screws on speed governor and injection system are painted with safty lacquer. Do not tighten or adjust them.

5.3.6. Cleaning mesh insert in exhaust silencer (additional equipment)



41

 Remove deposits from the mesh insert with a suitable wire brush.

5.4. Maintenance every **500** hours of operation

5.4.1. Renewing fuel filter

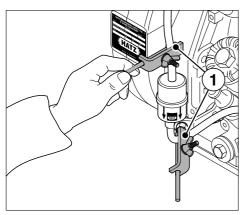
Fuel filter maintenance intervals depend on the purity of the fuel used; reduce them to 250 hours of operation if necessary.



Do not smoke or bring a naked flame near the fuel system when working on it.

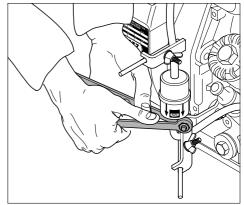
Important!

Keep the entire area clean so that no dirt reaches the fuel. Fuel particles may damage the injection system.



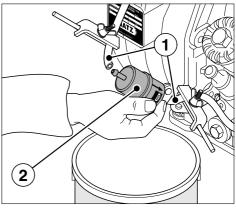
42

 Shut off the fuel supply line upstream and downstream of the fuel filter according to item 1.



43

- Unscrew the fuel filter from its mount.



- Place a suitable vessel under the filter to trap escaping fuel.
- Pull off fuel supply line "1" at both ends of fuel filter "2" and insert the new filter.
- Always renew the fuel filter. Note the arrows indicating the correct direction of fuel flow.
- Secure the filter to its mount.
- Open the fuel supply line or prime the pump until the fuel flows (see Chapter 4.1.3.).

- Activate mechanical oil pressure monitor (optional extra), chap. 4.1.4.
- Run the engine briefly to check the fuel filter and lines for leaks.

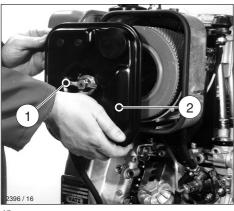
5.4.2. Dry-type air cleaner maintenance

It is best to clean the filter cartridge only when the maintenance indicator displays the appropriate signal.

Apart from this, the cartridge should be renewed after 500 hours of operation.

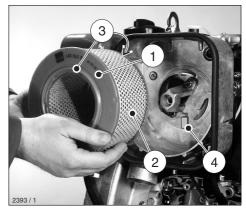
 On fully encapsulated engines, take off the top cover (see Chapter 2).

On engines with manual starting only, the decompression lever is also taken off when the cover is removed.



45

 Slacken off wing bolt "1" and remove it with cover "2".



46

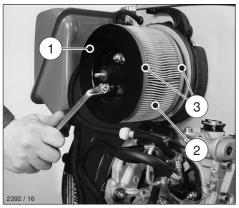
- Carefully pull out filter cartridge "1".
- On the version with air cleaner maintenance indicator, check that valve plate "4" is clean and in good condition.

Noise reduced model



47

Unscrew hex. nut "1" and take off filter housing "2".



48

- Unscrew the hex. nuts and remove them with filter cover "1".
- Carefully pull out filter cartridge.
- Clean all parts except for the filtercartridge.

Do not spray into the engine's air intake when cleaning.

Cleaning the filter cartridge

Dry contamination



49

Blow through the filter cartridge from the inside, moving the jet of dry compressed air up and down until no further dust is expelled.
 Warning: air pressure must not exceed 5 bar.



Persons handling compressed air must wear protective goggles.

 Tilt the filter element and hold it against the light (or shine a light through it) to trace any cracks or other damage.

Important:

If there is even the slightest damage to paper filter element "2" or sealing lips "3", the filter element should not be re-used. (Figs. 46 and 48)

Wet or oily contamination

- Renew the filter cartridge.
- Re-assemble in the reverse order of work.

6. Malfunctions – Causes – Remedies

Malfunction	Possible causes	Remedial action	Chap.
Engine will not start or start is	Speed control lever is in stop or idle position.		
delayed, although it can be turned	Stop lever in stop position.	Set lever to "START"-position	4.2.
over with the starter.	No fuel reaching injection pump.	Add. fuel.	4.1.3. 4.1.4.
		Check entire fuel supply system carefully.	
		If no fault is found: - supply line to engine	
		- fuel filter	5.4.1.
		 Function of delivery pump must be checked. 	4.1.3.
	Compression too low: - Valve clearances incorrect	Check valve clearances, adjust if	
		necessary.	5.3.3.
	 Cylinder bore and/or piston ring wear 	See workshop manual.	
	Injector not operating correctly.	See workshop manual.	
Also applicable for engines with me-	Oil pressure lost.	Check engine oil level.	5.2.1.
chanical oil pres- sure monitoring.		Activate mechanical oil pressure monitor.	4.1.4
At low tempera- tures.	Lower starting temperature limit exceeded.	Comply with cold starting instructions.	4.2.4.
		Operate preheat system (optional extra).	4.2.5.
	Machinery not uncoupled.	Disengage engine from machinery or equipment if possible.	
	Defective preheat system (optional extra).	See workshop manual.	

Malfunction	Possible causes	Remedial action	Chap.
At low temperatures.	Fuel separates has inadequate resistance to low temperatures. Starting speed too low:	Check whether clear (not turbid) fuel emerges at the fuel line detached from the injection pump. If turbid or separated - either warm up the engine or drain the complete fuel supply system. Refuel with winter-grade fuel to which paraffin has been added.	4.1.3.
	- Engine oil is too thick	Refill with a different grade of engine oil.	5.3.2.
	- Battery charge is insufficient.	Check the battery; consult a specialist workshop if necessary.	7.
Starter does not run or engine is not turned over.	Fault in electrical system: - Battery and/or other wiring is wrongly connected. - Wiring connections loose and/or corroded. - Battery defective and/or flat. - Defective starter motor - Defective relays, monitoring elements etc.	Check electrical system incl. indiv. components or contact a HATZ-service station.	7.
Engine fires but stops again as soon as starter is	Drive still engaged. Fuel filter blocked.	Uncouple engine from driven machinery if possible. Renew the fuel filter.	5.4.1.
switched off.	Fuel supply interrupted. Stop signal from monitoring element for automatic shutdown system (optional extra):	Check through the entire fuel supply systematically.	
	oil pressure lostcylinder head temperature	Check oil level.	5.2.1.
	too high alternator has failed	Clean cooling air system. See workshop manual.	5.3.4.

Malfunction	Possible causes	Remedial action	Chap.
Engine stops by itself during regular operation.	Fuel supply is interrupted: - Tank run dry	Add fuel.	4.1.3. 4.1.4.
guiai Operation.	Fuel filter blockedDefective feed pump.Air in the fuel system.	Renew fuel filter. Check through entire fuel supply system. Check fuel system for penetration of air. Check air vent valve.	5.4.1.
	Mechanical oil pressure monitor stops the engine due to low oil pressure.	Check engine oil level. Activate mechanical oil pressure monitor.	5.2.1. 4.1.4.
	Mechanical defects.	Contact a HATZ-service station.	
In addition, if automatic engine shutdown is installed.	Stop signal from monitoring element because of: - oil pressure too low cylinder head temperature too high alternator has failed	Check engine for: Engine oil level. Cooling air passages blocked or cooling system otherwise affected. See workshop manual.	
Low engine power, output and speed.	Fuel supply is obstructed: - Tank run dry.	Add fuel.	4.1.3. 4.1.4.
	Fuel filter blocked.Tank venting is inadequate	Renew fuel filter. Ensure that tank is adequately vented.	5.4.1.
	- Leaks at pipe unions.	Check threaded pipe unions for leaks.	
	- Air in the fuel system.	Check fuel system for penetration of air. Check air vent valve.	
	- Speed control lever does not remain in selected position.	Prevent speed control from moving.	

Malfunction	Possible causes	Remedial action	Chap.
Low engine power, output and speed,	Air cleaner blocked.	Remove dirt from air cleaner.	5.3.1. 5.4.2.
black exhaust smoke.	Incorrect valve clearances. Malfunction at injector.	Adjust valve clearances. See workshop manual.	5.3.3.
Engine runs very hot. Cylinder head overheat, telltale	Too much oil in engine. Inadequate cooling:	Drain off engine oil down to upper mark on dipstick.	5.3.2.
lamp (optional extra) comes on.	- Entire cooling air system contaminated.	Clean cooling air system.	5.3.4.
•	- Inadequate sealing at air guide plates or capsule elements.	Check that air guide plates and enclosure elements are all present and make a tight seal.	

7. Work on the electrical system

Batteries generate explosive gases.
Keep them away from naked flame
and sparks which could cause them to ignite.
Do not smoke. Protect the eyes, skin and
clothing against battery acid. Pour clear water
over acid splashes immediately. In case of
emergency call doctor.

Do not place any tools on top of the battery.

Always disconnect the negative (-) pole of the battery before working on the electric device.

- The positive (+) and negative (-) battery terminals must not be accidentally interchanged.
- When installing the battery, connect the positive lead first, followed by the negative lead.
 Negative pole to earth (ground) on engine block.
- When removing the battery, disconnect the negative lead first, followed by the positive lead.
- In all circumstances, avoid short circuits and shorts to earth (ground) at live cables.
- If electrical faults occur, first check for good contact at the cable connections.
- Replace a failed indicator light without delay.
- Do not take the key out while the engine is running.
- Never disconnect the battery while the engine is running. Electric voltage peaks can cause damage to electrical components.
- In case of an emergency start in manual mode, leave the battery (which might be discharged) connected to the engine.
- For emergency operation without battery, make sure that the plug-and-socket connector to the instrument box is disconnected additionally before the engine is started.

- Do not splash electrical device with water jet or pressure jet during engine cleaning.
- When carrying out welding work on the engine or attached equipment, attach the earth (ground) clip as near as possible to the welding point, and disconnect the battery.
 If an alternator is fitted, separate the plug connector leading to the voltage regulator.

The relevant circuit diagrams are supplied with engines which have an electrical system. Additional copies of circuit diagrams can be obtained on request.

HATZ assumes no liability for electrical systems which was not carried out acc. HATZ circuit diagrams.

8. Protective treatment

A new engine can normally be stored for up to 12 months in a dry place.

If atmospheric humidity is high (or if exposed to sea air), protection is sufficient for about 6 months' storage.

If the engine is to be stored for a longer period, or laid up out of use, please consult the nearest **HATZ service point**.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO THE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR 2008 AND LATER EPA CERTIFIED NONROAD COMPRESSION IGNITION ENGINES.

EPA EMISSION CONTROL SUPPLEMENTAL
WARRANTY STATEMENT AND
EMISSION-RELATED INSTALLATION
INSTRUCTIONS.

MAINTENANCE AND WARRANTY.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO THE OWNERS MANUAL FOR 2008 AND LATER EPA CERTIFIED NONROAD COMPRESSION IGNITION ENGINES.

The following supplemental information is furnished for EPA Nonroad Compression Ignition Engines which are certified according to 40 CFR Part 89 and Part 1039.

This information contains the following specific items:

- EPA-related engine parts and engine operating conditions
- Maintenance instructions for EPA-related engine parts
- Emission control system and adjustments
- · Warranty statement
- Emission-related installation instructions

ENGINE PARTS AND / OR EQUIPMENT RELATED TO EPA EXHAUST EMISSION REGULATIONS.

Parts which are mandatory for engine operation.

The following parts as manufactured according to HATZ specifications are mandatory for engine operation which meets EPA exhaust emission regulations.

- · Fuel injection pump
- Injection nozzle
- · Extra fuel device
- Crankcase breather valve assembly
- · Air cleaner housing

- · Intake manifold
- · Exhaust manifold
- Oil filler cap
- Intake and exhaust gaskets at head interfaces
- Emission Control Information Labels

Only parts manufactured by Hatz and which have passed the Hatz Quality Assurance Program are assured of meeting EPA exhaust emission regulations.

UNUSUAL OPERATING CONDITIONS.

The engine must not be operated at a load factor less than 25 % for an extended period as such operation will cause the fuel injector to foul. If such a condition occurs, you should contact the nearest HATZ authorized Service Center for necessary repairs.

The engine is designed and adjusted to operate most efficiently at the following conditions:

- Air temperature of 25° C (77° F)
- Atmospheric pressure of 100 kPa (14.5 psi)
- \bullet Relative humidity of 30 %

Operation of the engine at conditions other than above will affect performance and exhaust emissions. Normally the equipment manufacturer takes this into account during the design of the machine and your equipment will perform within specifications over a wide range of climatic conditions. However if you must operate your equipment under very unusual climatic conditions, please contact your nearest Hatz distributor for advice.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE-EPA-RELATED PARTS

The following minimum intervals are being adopted for adjustment, cleaning, repair, or replacement of following components:

At 1,500 hours, and 1,500-hours intervals thereafter:

• Fuel injector tips (cleaning only)

At 3,000 hours, and 3,000-hours intervals thereafter:

· Fuel injector

The exhaust quality of the engines can be influenced by the execution (the quality of execution) of above described maintenance work.

Therefore, the maintenance work has to be carried out by a qualified workshop. Hatz authorised workshops, for example, are qualified workshops.

Hatz Diesel of America will give you respective addresses, if required.

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM AND ADJUSTMENTS.

The emission control system for this engine is EM (Engine Modification). No adjustments are needed or possible.

EPA EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY STATEMENT

YOUR WARRANTY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS.

Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG warrants the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Your emission control system includes:

- Fuel injection pump
- · Injection nozzle
- · Extra fuel device
- Crankcase breather valve assembly
- · Air cleaner housing
- · Intake manifold
- · Exhaust manifold
- Oil filler cap
- · Intake and exhaust gaskets at head interfaces
- Emission Control Information Labels

Where a warrantable condition exists, Motorenfabrik Hatz will repair your engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.

MANUFACTURERS WARRANTY COVERAGE:

The 2008 and later EPA certified nonroad compression ignition engines are warranted for 1500 hours of operation or two years of use, whichever first occurs.

If any emission related part on your engine is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by Motorenfabrik Hatz.

OWNERS WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES:

- As the engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required
 maintenance listed in your owner's manual. Motorenfabrik Hatz recommends that you
 retain all receipts covering maintenance on your engine, but Motorenfabrik Hatz cannot
 deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the
 performance of all scheduled maintenance.
- As the engine owner, you should be aware, however, that Motorenfabrik Hatz may
 deny you warranty coverage if your engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect,
 improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.
- You are responsible for presenting your engine to a Motorenfabrik Hatz authorized service center as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact HATZ DIESEL OF AMERICA, Inc. at (262)-544-0254.

HATZ DIESEL SUPPLEMENTAL WARRANTY FOR 2008 AND LATER EPA CERTIFIED ENGINES.

PARTS WITH SUPPLEMENTAL LIMITED WARRANTY.

The following limited warranty is supplemental to the standard HATZ DIESEL LIMITED ENGINE WARRANTY and covers 2008 and later EPA certified engines and applies to the following exhaust emission-related components:

- Fuel injection pump
- · Injection nozzle
- · Extra fuel device
- · Crankcase breather valve assembly
- · Air cleaner housing
- · Intake manifold
- · Exhaust manifold
- · Oil filler cap
- · Intake and exhaust gaskets at head interfaces
- Emission Control Information Labels

SUPPLEMENTAL LIMITED WARRANTY.

Hatz Diesel of America, Inc. hereinafter referred to as "HATZ" warrants each of the above-listed parts when installed in a new engine sold by Hatz to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service, only under the named warranty coverage conditions, after the date of delivery to the original retail purchaser and Hatz will at their option, repair or replace at Hatz's sales headquarters, or at a point designated by Hatz, any part or parts which shall appear to the satisfaction of Hatz upon inspection at such point, to have been defective in material or workmanship.

- Any warranted part which is scheduled for replacement as required maintenance is warranted for the period of time up to the first scheduled replacement point for that part.
- Any replacement part which is equivalent in performance and durability may be used in non-warranty maintenance or repairs and will not reduce the overall engine warrranty obligations of Hatz. However, Hatz is not responsible for failure of such replacement parts or failure of any other parts directly caused by failure of such replacement parts.
- This warranty does not obligate Hatz to bear any transportation charges in connection with the repair or replacement of defective parts. This warranty is transferrable to subsequent owners, only under the named warranty coverage conditions.
- In order to obtain service under this warranty, the retail purchaser should contact Hatz Diesel of America, Inc. at (262)-544-0254 for information and the nearest service center. The retail purchaser will not be charged for diagnostic labor which leads to the determination that a warranted part is defective, nor for the repair or replacement of warranted parts if the work is performed at an authorized Hatz service center. If other engine components are damaged due to a failure of the above-listed warranted parts still under warranty, these other engine components will also be repaired or replaced at no charge.
- This warranty shall not apply to any engine which shall have been installed or operated in a manner not recommended by Hatz, nor to any engine which shall have been repaired, altered, neglected, or used in any way which, in the opinion of Hatz, adversely affects its performance, nor to any engine in which parts not authorized by Hatz have been used, which parts or the use of which have damaged or caused defects in or otherwise adversely affected the engine or its performance, nor to normal maintenance service or replacement of normal service items.

Hatz reserves the right to modify, alter, and improve any engine or parts without incurring any obligation to replace any engine or parts previously sold with such modified, altered, or improved engine or parts.

EMISSION-RELATED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

"Failing to follow these instructions when installing a certified engine in a piece of nonroad equipment violates federal law (40CFR1068.105(b)), subject to fines or other penalties as described in the Clean Air Act."

"If you install the engine in a way that makes the engine's emission control information labels hard to read during normal engine maintenance, you must place duplicate labels on the equipment."

EQUIPMENT-LABELLING REQUIREMENTS: FUEL LABEL (Chapter 3.5)

The fuel label has to be permanently attached to the equipment.

In case of an engine mounted fuel tank, every engine is equipped with an additional fuel label.

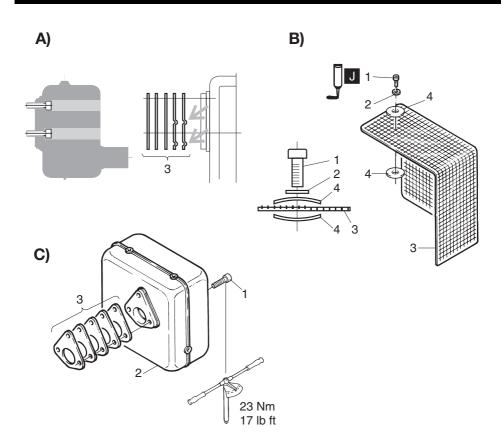
Otherwise, there are two loose fuel labels available with the engine.

If the original fuel label is not readily visible after the engine is installed in the equipment then the second loose fuel label must be attached on the equipment in such a manner that it is readily visible to an average person.

INSTRUCTIONS ON THE INSTALLATION OF THE EXHAUST SYSTEM

Following are the instructions to properly install the exhaust system and related components consistent with the EPA emission regulation requirements.

1D41 · 1D50 · 1D81 · 1D90 S / Z



Exhaust-silencers and protection guard

The exhaust silencer is fitted in connection with studs, flat washers and hex.-nuts. Fixation is done by Allen screws.

Preparations:

• Remove protection guard in numerical sequence 1...4 (B) if so fitted. It is mounted to the exhaust silencer with three screws.

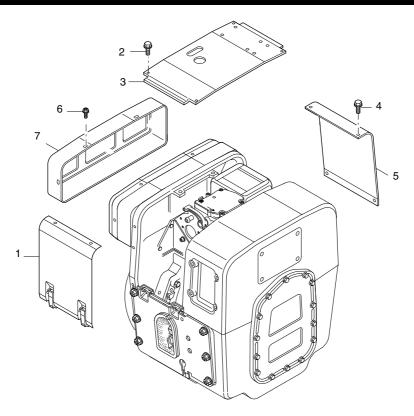
Dismantling:

- Remove in numerical sequence 1...3 (C).
- For opening screws 1 a special tool is required (HATZ-Ident Nr. 630 815 00).

Assembly:

- Assemble in reverse sequence.
- Apply lubricant as specified by HATZ.
- Torque to specification!
- Ensure gasket-kit is fitted in correct sequence i.e. the creased gaskets 3 face towards exhaust silencer (A).
- Assemble protection guard if so fitted in reverse sequence 4...1 (B).
- Use anti-seize compound ${\bf J}$ as specified by HATZ.
- Ensure the concave side of the curved washers 4 face towards guard 3 (B).

1D41 C · 1D81 C



Encapsulated engine

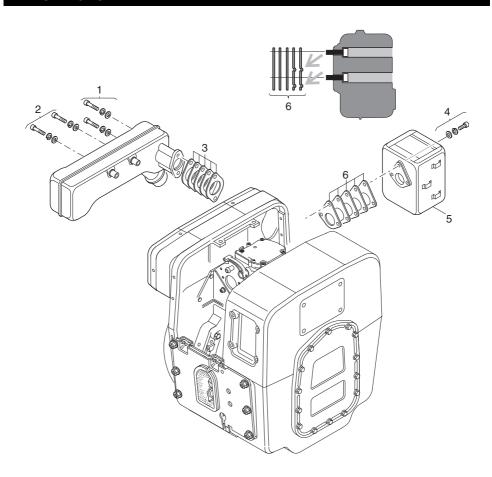
Before dismantling the exhaust system the capsule has to be dismounted:

- Remove the four screws (2) of the top cover (3).
- Remove the side cover (1) by opening the two clips.
- Open the four screws (4) of the side cover (5).
- Remove the top cover (3) and the side cover (5)
- Dismantle the exhaust silencer cover (7) by opening the six screws (6).

Assembly:

- Assemble in reverse sequence.
- Apply lubricant as specified by HATZ.
- Torque to specification!
- Before tightening the capsule all screws have to be turned in and the different covers have to be correctly adjusted.

1D41 C · 1D81 C



Sequence of dismantling the exhaust system:

- Open screws (1) and (2) and remove with shims.
- Remove big silencer with attached sealing gaskets (3).
- Open screws (4) and remove with shims.
- Remove silencer (5) with attached sealing gaskets (6).

Assembly:

Version 1

- Assemble in reverse sequence.
- · Apply lubricant as specified by HATZ.
- Torque to specification!
- Ensure gasket-kit is fitted in correct sequence i.e. the creased gaskets (6) face towards exhaust silencer.
- Make sure that all parts are correctly placed and tightened.

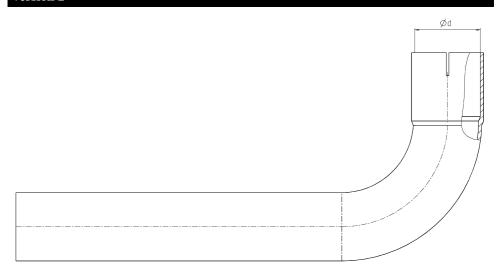
SAMPLING OF EXHAUST EMISSIONS

After the engine is installed in the equipment and placed in service, the sampling of exhaust emissions can be performed in a way that prevents diluting the exhaust sample with ambient air as follows:



Specification 1: Adding a 20-centimeter linear extension to the exhaust pipe

Version 2



Specification 2: Adding a 20-centimeter bended extension to the exhaust pipe

		Version 1	Version 2	Clamp
Engine type	Ø d (mm)	HATZ-Ident. Nr.	HATZ-Ident. Nr.	HATZ-Ident. Nr.
1D41 S / Z	25	039 973 01	830 860 00	503 880 00
	38	830 857 00	830 858 00	037 409 00
1D50 S / Z	25	039 973 01	830 860 00	503 880 00
	38	830 857 00	830 858 00	037 409 00
1D81 S / Z	32	_	830 879 00	503 881 00
	48	_	038 775 00	504 103 01
1D90 S / Z	32	_	830 879 00	503 881 00
	48	_	038 775 00	504 103 01
1D41 C	33	_	_	_
1D81 C	48	_	038 775 00	504 103 01

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO THE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR 2008 AND LATER CALIFORNIA REGULATIONS FOR HEAVY-DUTY OFF-ROAD ENGINES.

CALIFORNIA EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY STATEMENT AND EMISSION-RELATED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

MAINTENANCE AND WARRANTY.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO THE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR 2008 AND LATER CALIFORNIA REGULATIONS FOR HEAVY-DUTY OFF-ROAD ENGINES.

The following supplemental information is furnished for California Heavy-Duty Off-Road Engines.

This information contains the following specific items:

- CARB-related engine parts and engine operating conditions
- Maintenance instructions for CARB-related engine parts
- Emission control system and adjustments
- · Warranty statement
- · Emission-related installation instructions

ENGINE PARTS AND / OR EQUIPMENT RELATED TO CARB EXHAUST EMISSION REGULATIONS.

Parts which are mandatory for engine operation.

The following parts as manufactured according to HATZ specifications are mandatory for engine operation which meets CARB exhaust emission regulations.

- Fuel injector
- Fuel injection pump
- · Cold start device
- · Intake manifold
- · Exhaust manifold
- · Crankcase breather valve

- Oil filler Cap
- · Intake and exhaust gaskets at head interfaces
- Emission Control Information Labels

Only parts manufactured by Hatz and which have passed the Hatz Quality Assurance Program are assured of meeting CARB exhaust emission regulations.

UNUSUAL OPERATING CONDITIONS.

The engine must not be operated at a load factor less than 25 % for an extended period as such operation will cause the fuel injector to foul. If such a condition occurs, you should contact the nearest HATZ authorized Service Center for necessary repairs.

The engine is designed and adjusted to operate most efficiently at the following conditions:

- Air temperature of 25° C (77° F)
- Atmospheric pressure of 100 kPa (14.5 psi)
- Relative humidity of 30 %

Operation of the engine at conditions other than above will affect performance and exhaust emissions. Normally the equipment manufacturer takes this into account during the design of the machine and your equipment will perform within specifications over a wide range of climatic conditions. However if you must operate your equipment under very unusual climatic conditions, please contact your nearest Hatz distributor for advice.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE-CARB-RELATED PARTS.

The following minimum intervals are being adopted for adjustment, cleaning, repair, or replacement of following components:

At 1,500 hours, and 1,500 hours intervals thereafter:

• Fuel injector tips (cleaning only)

At 3,000 hours, and 3000 hours intervals thereafter:

· Fuel Injectors

The exhaust quality of engines can be influenced by the execution (the quality of execution) of above described maintenance work.

Therefore, the maintenance work has to be carried out by a qualified workshop. Hatz authorised workshops, for example, are qualified workshops.

Hatz Diesel of America will give you respective addresses, if required.

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM AND ADJUSTMENTS.

The emission control system for this engine is EM (Engine Modification). No adjustments are needed or possible.

CALIFORNIA EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY STATEMENT.

YOUR WARRANTY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS.

The California Air Resources Board and Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 2008 and later engine. In California, new heavy-duty off-road engines must be designed, built, and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. The Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the fuel-injection system and the air induction system. Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors and other emission-related assemblies.

Where a warrantable condition exists, the Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG will repair your heavy-duty off-road engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts, and labor.

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY COVERAGE.

The 2008 and later heavy-duty off-road engines are warranted for **1500 hours of operation or two years of use, whichever first occurs.**

If any emission-related part on your engine is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG.

OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES.

- As the heavy-duty off-road engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of
 the required maintenance listed in your owner's manual.
 Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG recommends that you retain all receipts covering
 maintenance on your heavy-duty off-road engine, but Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co.
 KG cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the
 performance of all scheduled maintenance.
- As the heavy-duty off-road engine owner, you should however be aware that
 Motorenfabrik Hatz GmbH & Co. KG may deny you warranty coverage if your
 heavy-duty off-road engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper
 maintenance or unapproved modifications.
- Your engine is designed to operate on low sulfur diesel fuel or ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel only. Use of any other fuel may result in your engine no longer operating in compliance with California's emissions requirements.
- You are responsible for initiating the warranty process. The ARB suggests that you present your heavy-duty off-road engine to a Motorenfabrik Hatz authorised dealer as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed by the dealer as expeditiously as possible.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact Hatz Diesel of America, Inc. at (262)-544-0254.

HATZ DIESEL SUPPLEMENTAL WARRANTY FOR 2008 AND LATER CALIFORNIA CERTIFIED HEAVY-DUTY OFF-ROAD ENGINES.

PARTS WITH SUPPLEMENTAL LIMITED WARRANTY.

The following limited warranty is supplemental to the standard HATZ DIESEL LIMITED ENGINE WARRANTY and covers 2008 and later California certified Heavy-Duty off-road engines and applies to the following exhaust emission-related components:

- · Fuel injector
- Fuel injection pump
- · Cold start device
- · Intake manifold
- · Exhaust manifold
- · Crankcase breather valve
- Oil filler cap
- · Intake and exhaust gaskets at head interfaces
- Emission Control Information Labels

SUPPLEMENTAL LIMITED WARRANTY.

Hatz Diesel of America, Inc. hereinafter referred to as "HATZ" warrants each of the above-listed parts when installed in a new engine sold by Hatz to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service, for a period of twenty-four (24) months after the date of delivery to the original retail purchaser and Hatz will at their option, repair or replace at Hatz's sales headquaters, or at a point designated by Hatz, any part or parts which shall appear to the satisfaction of Hatz upon inspection at such point, to have been defective in material or workmanship.

- Any warranted part which is scheduled for replacement as required maintenance is warranted for the period of time up to the first scheduled replacement point for that part.
- Any replacement part which is equivalent in performance and durability may be used in non-warranty maintenance or repairs and will not reduce the overall engine warrranty obligations of Hatz. However, Hatz is not responsible for failure of such replacement parts or failure of any other parts directly caused by failure of such replacement parts.
- This warranty does not obligate Hatz to bear any transportation charges in connection with the repair or replacement of defective parts. This warranty is transferrable to subsequent owners within the original twenty-four (24) months time period.
- In order to obtain service under this warranty, the retail purchaser should contact Hatz Diesel of America, Inc. at (262)-544-0254 for information and the nearest service center. The retail purchaser will not be charged for diagnostic labor which leads to the determination that a warranted part is defective, nor for the repair or replacement of warranted parts if the work is performed at an authorized Hatz service center. If other engine components are damaged due to a failure of the above-listed warranted parts still under warranty, these other engine components will also be repaired or replaced at no charge.
- This warranty shall not apply to any engine which shall have been installed or operated in a manner not recommended by Hatz, nor to any engine which shall have been repaired, altered, neglected, or used in any way which, in the opinion of Hatz, adversely affects its performance, nor to any engine in which parts not authorized by Hatz have been used, which parts or the use of which have damaged or caused defects in or otherwise adversely affected the engine or its performance, nor to normal maintenance service or replacement of normal service items.

Hatz reserves the right to modify, alter, and improve any engine or parts without incurring any obligation to replace any engine or parts previously sold with such modified, altered, or improved engine or parts.

EMISSION-RELATED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

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"If you install the engine in a way that makes the engine's emission control information labels hard to read during normal engine maintenance, you must place duplicate labels on the equipment."

EQUIPMENT-LABELLING REQUIREMENTS: FUEL LABEL (Chapter 3.5)

The fuel label has to be permanently attached to the equipment.

In case of an engine mounted fuel tank, every engine is equipped with an additional fuel label.

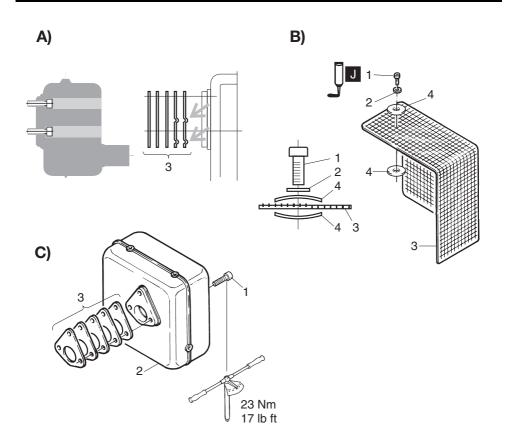
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INSTRUCTIONS ON THE INSTALLATION OF THE EXHAUST SYSTEM

Following are the instructions to properly install the exhaust system and related components consistent with the CARB emission regulation requirements.

1D41 · 1D50 · 1D81 · 1D90 S / Z



Exhaust-silencers and protection guard

The exhaust silencer is fitted in connection with studs, flat washers and hex.-nuts. Fixation is done by Allen screws.

Preparations:

• Remove protection guard in numerical sequence 1...4 (B) if so fitted. It is mounted to the exhaust silencer with three screws.

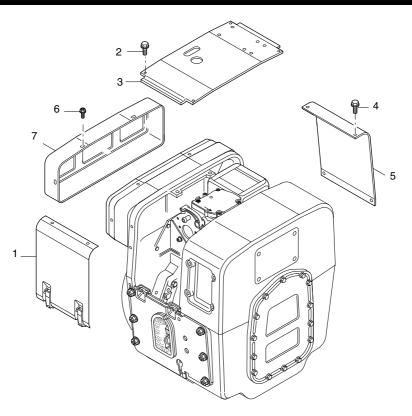
Dismantling:

- Remove in numerical sequence 1...3 (C).
- For opening screws 1 a special tool is required (HATZ-Ident Nr. 630 815 00).

Assembly:

- Assemble in reverse sequence.
- Apply lubricant as specified by HATZ.
- Torque to specification!
- Ensure gasket-kit is fitted in correct sequence i.e. the creased gaskets 3 face towards exhaust silencer (A).
- Assemble protection guard if so fitted in reverse sequence 4...1 (B).
- Use anti-seize compound ${\bf J}$ as specified by HATZ.
- Ensure the concave side of the curved washers 4 face towards guard 3 (B).

1D41 C · 1D81 C



Encapsulated engine

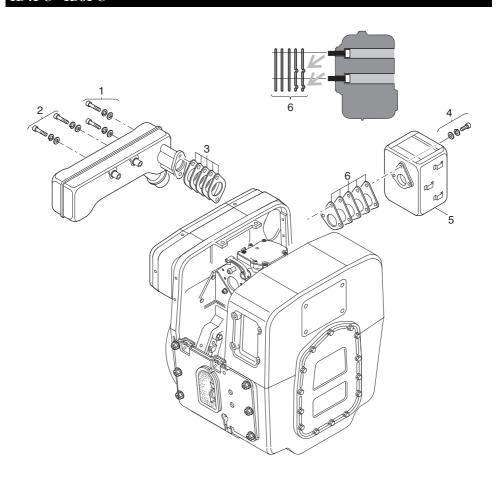
Before dismantling the exhaust system the capsule has to be dismounted:

- Remove the four screws (2) of the top cover (3).
- Remove the side cover (1) by opening the two clips.
- Open the four screws (4) of the side cover (5).
- Remove the top cover (3) and the side cover (5)
- Dismantle the exhaust silencer cover (7) by opening the six screws (6).

Assembly:

- Assemble in reverse sequence.
- Apply lubricant as specified by HATZ.
- Torque to specification!
- Before tightening the capsule all screws have to be turned in and the different covers have to be correctly adjusted.

1D41 C · 1D81 C



Sequence of dismantling the exhaust system:

- Open screws (1) and (2) and remove with shims.
- Remove big silencer with attached sealing gaskets (3).
- Open screws (4) and remove with shims.
- Remove silencer (5) with attached sealing gaskets (6).

Assembly:

- Assemble in reverse sequence.
- · Apply lubricant as specified by HATZ.
- Torque to specification!
- Ensure gasket-kit is fitted in correct sequence i.e. the creased gaskets (6) face towards exhaust silencer.
- Make sure that all parts are correctly placed and tightened.

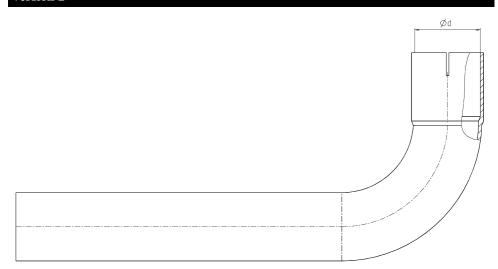
SAMPLING OF EXHAUST EMISSIONS

After the engine is installed in the equipment and placed in service, the sampling of exhaust emissions can be performed in a way that prevents diluting the exhaust sample with ambient air as follows:



Specification 1: Adding a 20-centimeter linear extension to the exhaust pipe

Version 2



Specification 2: Adding a 20-centimeter bended extension to the exhaust pipe

		Version 1	Version 2	Clamp
Engine type	Ød (mm)	HATZ-Ident. Nr.	HATZ-Ident. Nr.	HATZ-Ident. Nr.
1D41 S / Z	25	039 973 01	830 860 00	503 880 00
	38	830 857 00	830 858 00	037 409 00
1D50 S / Z	25	039 973 01	830 860 00	503 880 00
	38	830 857 00	830 858 00	037 409 00
1D81 S / Z	32	_	830 879 00	503 881 00
	48	_	038 775 00	504 103 01
1D90 S / Z	32	_	830 879 00	503 881 00
	48	_	038 775 00	504 103 01
1D41 C	33	_	_	_
1D81 C	48	_	038 775 00	504 103 01

CALIFORNIA

Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.